



Figure 1. Workflow comparison. This figure compares the new shortened workflow for RNA-seq library preparation using KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit with RiboErase (HMR) (A) to the Standard workflow (B). Steps that have been modified are colored blue. Note that the shortened workflow takes less processing time and has 1 fewer bead cleanup steps.

EXPERIMENT DESIGN

Ribodepleted RNA HyperPrep libraries were created using the KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit with RiboErase (HMR) under the following 3 conditions:

Table 1. Experiment parameters. Other than number of replicates, all three conditions shared the same experimental parameters.

			Replicates	Fragmentation	Strategy	PCR Cycles
Shortened workflow on Bravo NGS workstation		250 ng Universal Human Reference RNA (UHR) (Thermo Fisher Scientific)	4		UDI Adapters	9
	KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit with RiboErase (HMR)		3	8 min @ 94°C		
Full length workflow prepared manually			3			

rRNA Depletion	Library Prep	Library Amplification	QC

Figure 2. Experiment workflow. All 3 conditions followed the same general steps. Data was generated from the post amplification QC and sequencing steps. See table 2 for QC and sequencing details.

Data on file. Project: Bravo NGS workstation Shortened RNA with RiboErase For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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High-quality RNA libraries generated on the Agilent Bravo NGS workstation with a new, shorter RNA library prep workflow with rRNA depletion

KAPA RNA HyperPrep Kit

Sequencing

RESULTS

QC AND SEQUENCING METHODS

Table 2. Metrics analyzed.

Metric	Assay
Post Amplification Yield	Invitrogen™ Qubit™ - 1X dsDN
Post Amplification Library Size	The LabChip® GX Touch™ - D
% rRNA % Aligned to genome Number of transcripts detected Number of genes detected	Sequencing on Illumina Next • 150 cycle High-Output 2 • RNA-Seq Analysis • Downsampled to 9 M rea

LIBRARY QC: PRE-SEQUENCING RESULTS

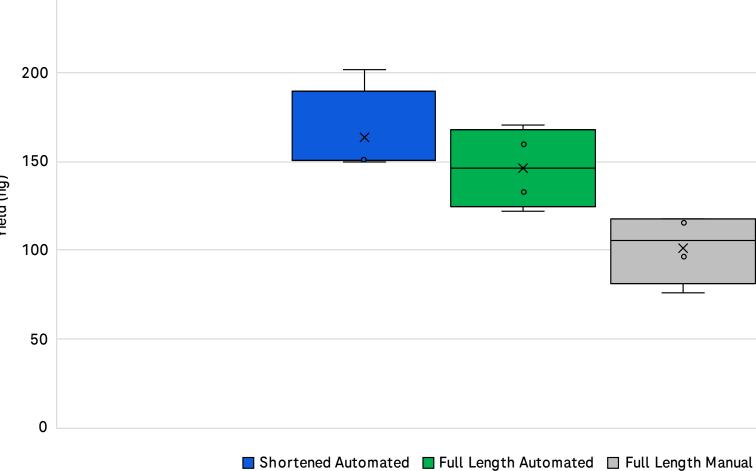


Figure 3. Post-amplification yields. Yields measured by Qubit were similar between the shortened and full length workflows when automated. Both automated methods outperformed the full-length manual preparation.

Post Amplification Library Size 320 🗖 Shortened Automated 🔲 Full Length Automated 🔲 Full Length Manual

Figure 4. Post-amplification library sizes. The shortened automated workflow yielded smaller library sizes than both of the full length workflows. If necessary, library sizes can be fine-tuned by adjusting fragmentation parameters.

Post Amplification Yield

David Zdeb, *Emma White, *Scott Verrow, *Lichun Li, Nikita Dsouza, Alejandro Quiroz Zarate, Marsha McMakin, Rachel Kasinskas Roche Diagnostics Corporation, Wilmington, MA *Author no longer at Roche

DNA HS

DNA NGS 3K

xtSeq 550 2x76

ead pairs per sample

RESULTS (CONTINUED)

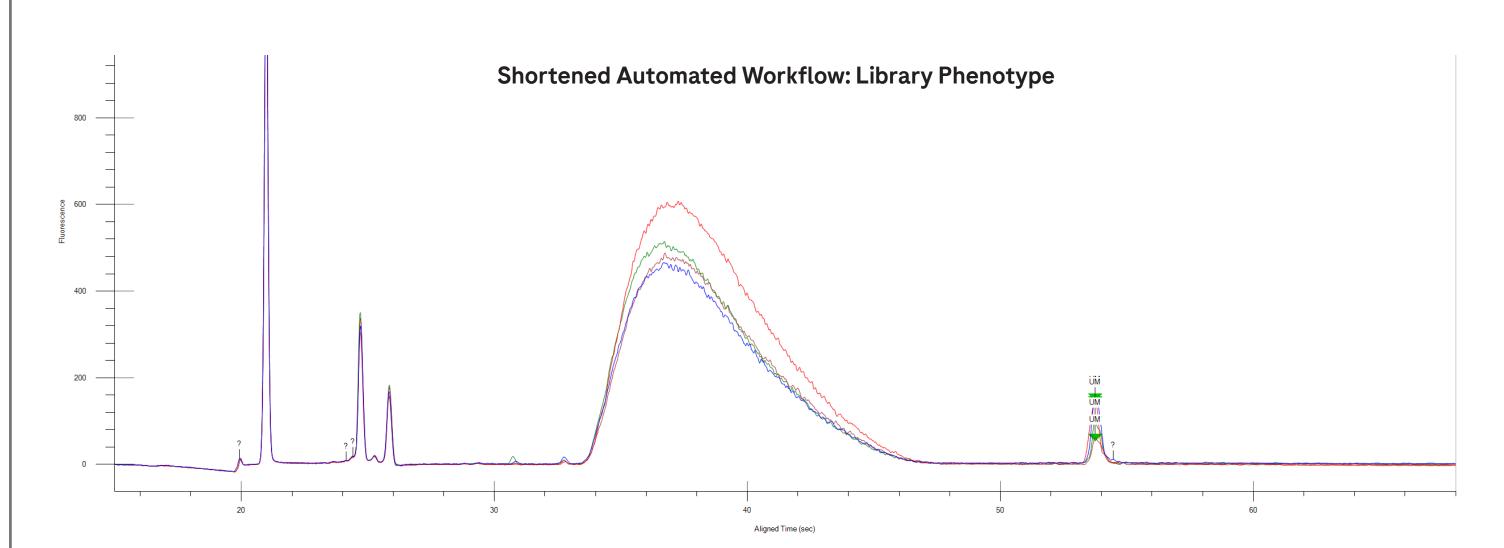
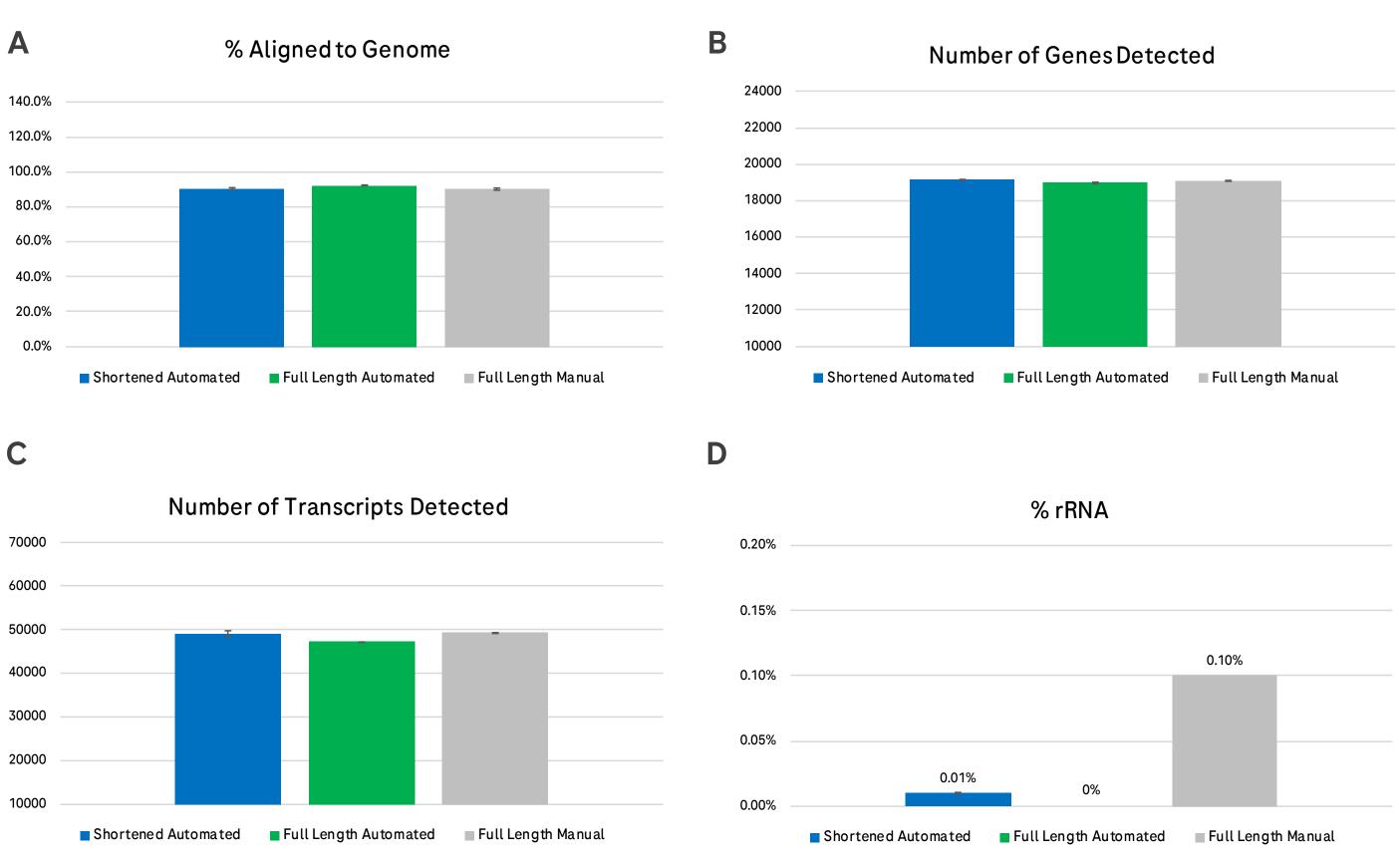


Figure 5. Post-amplification library size distribution. This figure shows the post-amplification library size distribution for the shortened automated workflow. The resulting libraries display the desired phenotype with consistent library size distributions.

SEQUENCING ANALYSIS: RNA-SEQ RESULTS



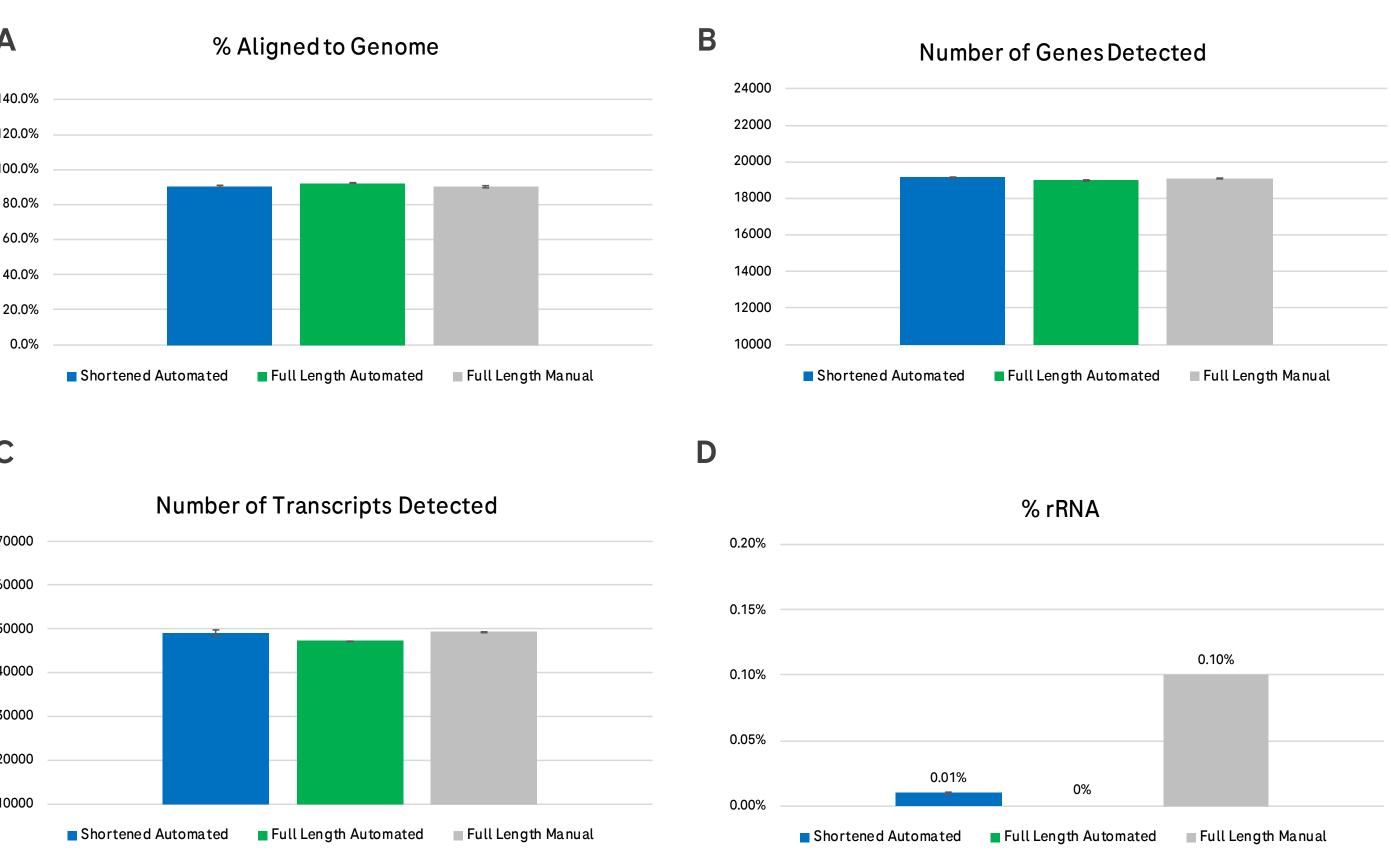


Figure 6. Sequencing Metrics. All three workflows achieved similar alignment rate to the genome (A), number of genes detected (B), and number of transcripts detected (C), with minimal to no rRNA contamination (D). Bars represent the mean and error bars reflect the standard deviation amongst replicates.

CONCLUSION

The automated shortened KAPA RNA HyperPrep with RiboErase method on the Bravo NGS workstation:

- Produces libraries that are comparable to those produced using the full-length workflow, whether they were prepared by hand or automated on the Bravo NGS workstation
- Reduces processing time when compared to the full-length workflow
- Reduces hands-on time when compared to manual preparation
- Increases sample throughput when compared to manual preparation.



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